

Name: _____ Period: _____ Date: _____

SOLVING LINEAR SYSTEMS USING ELIMINATION Exit Quiz

Find the solution of the following systems by ELIMINATION and determine if it is an independent, inconsistent or dependent system

1.
$$\begin{cases} x + y = 3 \\ 4x + 3y = 10 \end{cases}$$

4.
$$\begin{cases} 5x - y = 4 \\ x - y = 3 \end{cases}$$

2.
$$\begin{cases} x - 2y = 1 \\ 5x + 3y = 8 \end{cases}$$

5.
$$\begin{cases} x - y = 10 \\ x + 6y = 1 \end{cases}$$

3.
$$\begin{cases} 6x + 2y = 7 \\ y = 1 - 3x \end{cases}$$

6.
$$\begin{cases} -2x + y = 1 \\ 3x - y = 4 \end{cases}$$

SOLVING LINEAR SYSTEMS USING ELIMINATION Exit Quiz**ANSWERS**

Find the solution of the following systems by ELIMINATION and determine if it is an independent, inconsistent or dependent system

1.

$$\text{I. } x + y = 3 \quad \text{and} \quad \text{II. } 4x + 3y = 10$$

We interchange the “x” or “y” coefficients from equation I and equation II to eliminate one of the variables. In this case, we are going to interchange the “y” coefficients of both equations, like follows:

$$\begin{cases} 3(x + y = 3) \\ -1(4x + 3y = 10) \end{cases}$$

As both coefficients have equal signs, we have to assign a negative sign to one of the coefficients so they can eliminate each other.

Applying distributive property:

$$\begin{cases} 3x + 3y = 9 \\ -4x - 3y = -10 \end{cases}$$

The result would be:

$$-x = -1 \quad \rightarrow x = 1$$

Now, we calculate the value of variable “y” by substituting the result of x into the equation $y = 3 - x$

$$y = 3 - 1 = 2$$

Solution (1, 2). Independent System

2.

$$\text{I. } x - 2y = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \text{II. } 5x + 3y = 8$$

We interchange the “x” or “y” coefficients from equation I and equation II to eliminate one of the variables. In this case, we are going to interchange the “y” coefficients of both equations, like follows:

$$\begin{cases} 3(x - 2y = 1) \\ 2(5x + 3y = 8) \end{cases}$$

As both coefficients have different signs, we do not have to assign a negative sign to one of the coefficients so they can eliminate each other.

Applying distributive property:

$$\begin{cases} 3x - 6y = 3 \\ 10x + 6y = 16 \end{cases}$$

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The result would be:

$$13x = 19 \quad \rightarrow x = \frac{19}{13}$$

Now, we calculate the value of variable “y” by substituting the result of x into one of the equations:

$$y = \frac{x - 1}{2} = \frac{\frac{19}{13} - 1}{2} = \frac{3}{13}$$

Solution (19/13, 3/13). Independent System

3.

I. $6x + 2y = 7$ and **II.** $y = 1 - 3x$

We interchange the “x” or “y” coefficients from equation I and equation II to eliminate one of the variables. In this case, we are going to interchange the “y” coefficients of both equations, like follows:

$$\begin{cases} 1(6x + 2y = 7) \\ -2(3x + y = 1) \end{cases}$$

As both coefficients have equal signs, we have to assign a negative sign to one of the coefficients so they can eliminate each other.

Applying distributive property:

$$\begin{cases} 6x + 2y = 7 \\ -6x - 2y = -2 \end{cases}$$

The result would be:

$$0 = 5$$

No solution. Inconsistent System

4.

I. $5x - y = 4$ and **II.** $x - y = 3$

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We interchange the “x” or “y” coefficients from equation I and equation II to eliminate one of the variables. In this case, we are going to interchange the “y” coefficients of both equations, like follows:

$$\begin{cases} 1(5x - y = 4) \\ -1(x - y = 3) \end{cases}$$

As both coefficients have equal signs, we have to assign a negative sign to one of the coefficients so they can eliminate each other.

Applying distributive property:

$$\begin{cases} 5x - y = 4 \\ -x + y = -3 \end{cases}$$

The result would be:

$$4x = 1 \quad \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{4}$$

Now, we calculate the value of variable “y” by substituting the result of x into one of the equations:

$$y = x - 3 \quad \rightarrow \quad y = \frac{1}{4} - 3 = -\frac{11}{4}$$

Solution (1/4, -11/4). Independent System

5.

I. $x - y = 10$ and **II.** $x + 6y = 1$

We interchange the “x” or “y” coefficients from equation I and equation II to eliminate one of the variables. In this case, we are going to interchange the “x” coefficients of both equations, like follows:

$$\begin{cases} 1(x - y = 10) \\ -1(x + 6y = 1) \end{cases}$$

As both coefficients have equal signs, we have to assign a negative sign to one of the coefficients so they can eliminate each other.

Applying distributive property:

$$\begin{cases} x - y = 10 \\ -x - 6y = -1 \end{cases}$$

The result would be:

$$-7y = 9 \quad \rightarrow y = -\frac{9}{7}$$

Now, we calculate the value of variable “x” by substituting the result of “y” into the equation $x = 10 + y$

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$$x = 10 - \frac{9}{7} = \frac{61}{7}$$

Solution (61/7, -9/7). Independent System

6.

I. $-2x + y = 1$ and **II.** $3x - y = 4$

We interchange the “x” or “y” coefficients from equation I and equation II to eliminate one of the variables. In this case, we are going to interchange the “y” coefficients of both equations, like follows:

$$\begin{cases} (-2x + y = 1) \\ (3x - y = 4) \end{cases}$$

As both coefficients have different signs, we do not have to assign a negative sign to one of the coefficients so they can eliminate each other.

The result would be:

$$x = 5$$

Now, we calculate the value of variable “y” by substituting the result of x into one of the equations:

$$y = 3x - 4 \rightarrow y = 3(5) - 4 = 11$$

Solution (5, 11). Independent System

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